## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1.-21. (Canceled)
- 22. (Currently Amended) A method of acidizing a near well bore region of a subterranean formation comprising the steps of:
  - (a) isolating a zone of interest along a well bore; and,
- (b) placing an acidizing solution <u>in</u> the zone of interest, wherein the acidizing solution comprises an acid and a corrosion inhibiting compound comprising the reaction product of a thiol compound and an aldehyde compound, wherein the thiol compound has the general formula RSH wherein R is not H.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein the reaction product of a thiol compound and an aldehyde compound comprises a thioacetal.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23 wherein the thioacetal emprises is selected from the group consisting of: a monothioacetal, a dithioacetal, or and a combination thereof.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22 wherein the aldehyde compound emprises is selected from the group consisting of: a cinnamaldehyde, a cinnamaldehyde derivative, a crotonaldehyde, a crotonaldehyde derivative, a benzene acetaldehyde derivative, of and a combination thereof.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22 wherein the thiol compound emprises is selected from the group consisting of: thiosorbitol, hydrogen sulfide, methanethiol, thioethanol, 1-thio-2-butanol, 1,2-ethanedithiol, 1,3-propanedithiol, 2-aminoethanethiol, 2-mercaptobenzothiazole, 2-mercaptothiazoline, glycol dimercaptoacetate, mercaptosuccinic acid, thioglycerol, thiolactic acid, cysteine, 6-aino-3-mercaptothiazole, 6-ethoxy-2-mercaptobenzothiazole, glycerol monothioglycolate, monoethanolamine thioglycolate, methyl thioglycolate, isooctyl thioglycolate, ethyl thioglycolate, 2-ethyl hexyl thioglycolate, thioglycolic acid, or and a combination thereof.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein the corrosion inhibitor further comprises a traditional corrosion inhibitor.

- 28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27 wherein the traditional corrosion inhibitor comprises is selected from the group consisting of: cinnamaldehyde, acetylenic alcohols, fluorinated surfactants, quaternary derivatives of heterocyclic nitrogen bases, quaternary derivatives of halomethylated aromatic compounds, formamides, quaternary ammonium compounds, or and combinations thereof.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27 wherein the traditional corrosion inhibitor emprises is selected from the group consisting of: N-alkyl, N-cycloalkyl, an N-alkylarylpyridinium halide, N-alkyl, N-cycloalkyl, a N-alkylarylquinolinium halide, or and a combination thereof.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the traditional corrosion inhibitor is present in an amount ranging from about 0.5% to about 80% by weight of the total corrosion inhibitor.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the traditional corrosion inhibitor is present in an amount ranging from about 1% to about 45% by weight of the total corrosion inhibitor.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the corrosion inhibitor further comprises a corrosion inhibitor activator.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 32 wherein the corrosion inhibitor activator eomprises is selected from the group consisting of: cuprous iodide; cuprous chloride; an antimony oxide, an antimony halide, an antimony tartrate, an antimony citrate, an alkali metal salt of antimony tartrate, an alkali metal salt of pyroantimonate, an antimony adduct of ethylene glycol; a bismuth oxide, a bismuth halide, a bismuth citrate, an alkali metal salt of bismuth tartrate, an alkali metal salt of bismuth citrate, iodine, an iodide compounds, formic acid, and combinations thereof.
- 34. (Original) The method of claim 32 wherein the corrosion inhibitor activator is present in an amount ranging from about 0.1% to about 100% by weight of the total corrosion inhibitor.
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein the corrosion inhibitor further comprises a surfactant.
- 36. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 35 wherein the surfactant eomprises is selected from the group consisting of: an ethoxylated nonyl phenol phosphate ester, a non-

ionic surfactant, a cationic surfactant, a non-ionic surfactant, an alkyl phosphonate surfactant, a linear alcohol, a monophenol compound, an alkyoxylated fatty acid, an alkylphenol alkoxylate, an ethoxylated amide, an ethoxylated alkyl amine, or and a combination thereof.

- 37. (Original) The method of claim 35 wherein the surfactant is present in an amount ranging from about 0.1% to about 50% of the weight of the total corrosion inhibitor.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein the corrosion inhibitor further comprises a solvent.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 38 wherein the solvent comprises is selected from the group consisting of: an alcohol, a glycol, dimethyl formamide, N-methyl pyrrolidone, water or and a combination thereof.
- 40. (Original) The method of claim 38 wherein the solvent is present in an amount ranging from about 0.1% to about 60% by weight of the total corrosion inhibitor.
- 41. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22 wherein the acid comprises is selected from the group consisting of: hydrochloric acid, hydrofluoric acid, acetic acid, formic acid, citric acid, ethylene diamine tetra acetic acid ("EDTA"), or and a combination thereof.